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August 6, 2019

MR. JOHN GREENEWALD JR.
SUITE 1203
27305 WEST LIVE OAK ROAD
CASTAIC, CA 91384

FOIPA Request No.: 1415662-001
Subject: TRUDEAU, JOSEPH PHILIPPE PIERRE
YVES ELLIOTT

Dear Mr. Greenewald:

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Below you will find check boxes under the appropriate statute headings which indicate the types of exemptions asserted to protect information which is exempt from disclosure. The appropriate exemptions are noted on the enclosed pages next to redacted information. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted to indicate where pages were withheld entirely and identify which exemptions were applied. The checked exemption boxes used to withhold information are further explained in the enclosed Explanation of Exemptions.

Section 552		Section 552a	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> (d)(5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> (j)(2)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(C)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(1)	
<u>50 U.S.C. 3024(i)(1)</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(D)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(2)	
_____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(E)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(3)	
_____	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(F)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(4)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(8)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(9)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(6)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(6)		<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(7)	

41 page(s) were reviewed and 16 page(s) are being released.

Please see the paragraphs below for relevant information specific to your request as well as the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for standard responses applicable to all requests.

- Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning, other Government Agency (ies) [OGA].
- This information has been referred to the OGA(s) for review and direct response to you.
- We are consulting with another agency. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is completed.

Please refer to the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for additional standard responses applicable to your request. "Part 1" of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. "Part 2" includes additional standard responses that apply to all requests for records on individuals. "Part 3" includes general information about FBI records that you may find useful. Also enclosed is our Explanation of Exemptions.

For questions regarding our determinations, visit the www.fbi.gov/foia website under "Contact Us." The FOIPA Request Number listed above has been assigned to your request. Please use this number in all correspondence concerning your request.

You may file an appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, Suite 11050, 1425 New York Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA online portal by creating an account on the following website: <https://www.foiaonline.gov/foiaonline/action/public/home>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within ninety (90) days from the date of this letter in order to be considered timely. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified.

You may seek dispute resolution services by contacting the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at 877-684-6448, or by emailing ogis@nara.gov. Alternatively, you may contact the FBI's FOIA Public Liaison by emailing foipaquestions@fbi.gov. If you submit your dispute resolution correspondence by email, the subject heading should clearly state "Dispute Resolution Services." Please also cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified.

See additional information which follows.

Sincerely,



David M. Hardy
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Information Management Division

Enclosure(s)

The enclosed documents represent the final release of information responsive to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request. This material is being provided to you at no charge.

Records which may have been responsive to your request were destroyed. Since this material could not be reviewed, it is not known if it was responsive to your request. Record retention and disposal is carried out under supervision of the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), Title 44, United States Code, Section 3301 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1228; Title 44, United States Code, Section 3310 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1229.10.

For your additional information, a record that may be responsive to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request has been transferred to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). You may desire to direct a request to NARA, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001. Please reference the file numbers 100-HQ-127094, 100-HQ-442715, 100-HQ-463132 and 100-HQ-485845.

Additionally, a search of the indices to our Central Records System reflected there were additional records potentially responsive to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request. We have attempted to obtain this material so it could be reviewed to determine whether it was responsive to your request. We were advised that the potentially responsive records were not in their expected location and could not be located after a reasonable search. Following a reasonable waiting period, another attempt was made to obtain this material. This search for the missing records also met with unsuccessful results.

Inquiries regarding your OGA referral(s) designated within the release as "Referral/Direct" may be directed to the following agencies at:

Secret Service
Attn: Latita Payne
245 Murray Lane, SW
Building T5
Washington, DC 20223

Attn: Eric Stein
Office of Information Programs and Services
A-GIS-IPS-RL-RC
U.S. Department of State
SA 2
Washington, DC 20522

FBI FOIPA Addendum

As referenced in our letter responding to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request, the FBI FOIPA Addendum includes information applicable to your request. Part 1 of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. Part 2 includes additional standard responses that apply to all requests for records on individuals. Part 3 includes general information about FBI records. For questions regarding Parts 1, 2, or 3, visit the www.fbi.gov/foia website under “Contact Us.” Previously mentioned appeal and dispute resolution services are also available at the web address.

Part 1: The standard responses below apply to all requests:

- (i) **5 U.S.C. § 552(c).** Congress excluded three categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIA [5 U.S.C. § 552(c) (2006 & Supp. IV (2010))]. FBI responses are limited to those records subject to the requirements of the FOIA. Additional information about the FBI and the FOIPA can be found on the www.fbi.gov/foia website.
- (ii) **National Security/Intelligence Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of national security and foreign intelligence records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(1), (b)(3), and PA exemption (j)(2) as applicable to requests for records about individuals [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(1), (b)(3), and (j)(2); 50 U.S.C § 3024(i)(1)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records is itself a classified fact protected by FOIA exemption (b)(1) and/or would reveal intelligence sources, methods, or activities protected by exemption (b)(3) [50 USC § 3024(i)(1)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that national security or foreign intelligence records do or do not exist.

Part 2: The standard responses below apply to all requests for records on individuals:

- (i) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Watch Lists.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of any individual’s name on a watch list pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(7)(E), (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that watch list records do or do not exist.
- (ii) **Requests for Records for Incarcerated Individuals.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records which could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any incarcerated individual pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(7)(E), (b)(7)(F), and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(7)(E), (b)(7)(F), and (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.

Part 3: General Information:

- (i) **Record Searches.** The Record/Information Dissemination Section (RIDS) searches for reasonably described records by searching those systems or locations where responsive records would reasonably be found. Most requests are satisfied by searching the Central Records System (CRS), an extensive system of records consisting of applicant, investigative, intelligence, personnel, administrative, and general files compiled and maintained by the FBI in the course of fulfilling its dual law enforcement and intelligence mission as well as the performance of agency administrative and personnel functions. The CRS spans the entire FBI organization and encompasses the records of FBI Headquarters (FBIHQ), FBI Field Offices, and FBI Legal Attaché Offices (Legats) worldwide. A CRS search includes Electronic Surveillance (ELSUR) records.
- (ii) **FBI Records.** Founded in 1908, the FBI carries out a dual law enforcement and national security mission. As part of this dual mission, the FBI creates and maintains records on various subjects; however, the FBI does not maintain records on every person, subject, or entity.
- (iii) **Requests for Criminal History Records or Rap Sheets.** The Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division provides Identity History Summary Checks – often referred to as a criminal history record or rap sheets. These criminal history records are not the same as material in an investigative “FBI file.” An Identity History Summary Check is a listing of information taken from fingerprint cards and documents submitted to the FBI in connection with arrests, federal employment, naturalization, or military service. For a fee, individuals can request a copy of their Identity History Summary Check. Forms and directions can be accessed at www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/identity-history-summary-checks. Additionally, requests can be submitted electronically at www.edo.cjis.gov. For additional information, please contact CJIS directly at (304) 625-5590.
- (iv) **The National Name Check Program (NNCP).** The mission of NNCP is to analyze and report information in response to name check requests received from federal agencies, for the purpose of protecting the United States from foreign and domestic threats to national security. Please be advised that this is a service provided to other federal agencies. Private citizens cannot request a name check.

EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552

- (b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;
- (b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;
- (b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;
- (b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- (b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- (b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

- (d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;
- (j)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;
- (k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;
- (k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;
- (k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;
- (k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;
- (k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1415662-1

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Trudeau Leaves After Stop Here

Canadian Prime Minister Elliott Trudeau left Honolulu today after an overnight stopover en route home from his trip to China.

The takeoff of Trudeau's jet was delayed about 20 minutes at Hickam Air Base when a newsman accompanying the prime Minister was late.

THE NEWSMAN, Ed Chong of the Canadian Broadcasting Co., apparently overslept and took a taxi to Hickam. He was rushed to the plane at the edge of the runway in an Air Force car.

Trudeau received a Hawaiian and a Chinese greeting when he arrived yesterday.

Trudeau, whose Canadian 707 jet flew from China via Manila, was greeted with the traditional leis at the airport by House

Speaker Tadao Beppu, Adm. Noel Gayler and Robert Adams, the new Canadian consul-general in San Francisco.

But the 50 journalists who accompanied Trudeau and his pregnant wife, Margaret, during their week-long trip to China gave the couple a Chinese sendoff as they were whisked away to the Royal Hawaiian Hotel.

"NI HAO?" (How are you?), the journalists shouted, clapping their hands. And then "Tzai jian." (Good bye.)

One journalist explained that this was the way large groups of Chinese greeted Trudeau throughout his trip and that when there were no Chinese the journalists filled in.

The 24-year-old Mrs. Trudeau appeared at one point to have difficulty negotiating in her high-heeled red clogs as she made her way to a waiting limousine.

Canada's first lady, who is expecting her second child in December, was dressed in a sleeveless Navy blue pants suit and had a white scarf around her hair.

Trudeau, who is celebrating his 54th birthday today, was dapper, but conservatively outfitted in a blue suit.

HE DECLINED to meet with the press. His press

spokesman, Vic Chapman, said the Prime Minister has not even discussed the results of his trip yet with the journalists who accompanied him.

Trudeau will make his first public statements on the trip, Chapman said, when he addresses the House of Commons tomorrow in Ottawa.

Chapman said the Prime Minister had had "cultural, consular and medical discussions" while in China. The latter apparently refers to the Chinese use of acupuncture to treat illness.

Trudeau met with Chairman Mao Tse-tung for an hour on Saturday in Peking, Chapman said. The Prime Minister spent three days in Peking, he said.

TRUDEAU SIGNED a trade agreement while in China which gives Canada and China favored nation status in trading with each other.

However Chapman indicated the agreement was more of a formality than anything else. China has already been treated as a favored trading nation by Canada, he said.

On hand to greet the arriving jet were Sheri and Jim Jester of Kailua whose brother-in-law, Bill Mader, is head of Time Magazine's Canadian bureau and accompanied Trudeau on the trip.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
 HONOLULU STAR BULLETIN
 HONOLULU, HAWAII

A-6

Copy to Bureau

10/19/73

Healey

Date: 10-18-73

Edition: HOME

Author:

Editor:

Title:

PRIME MINISTER
 TRUDEAU

Character:

or

Classification:

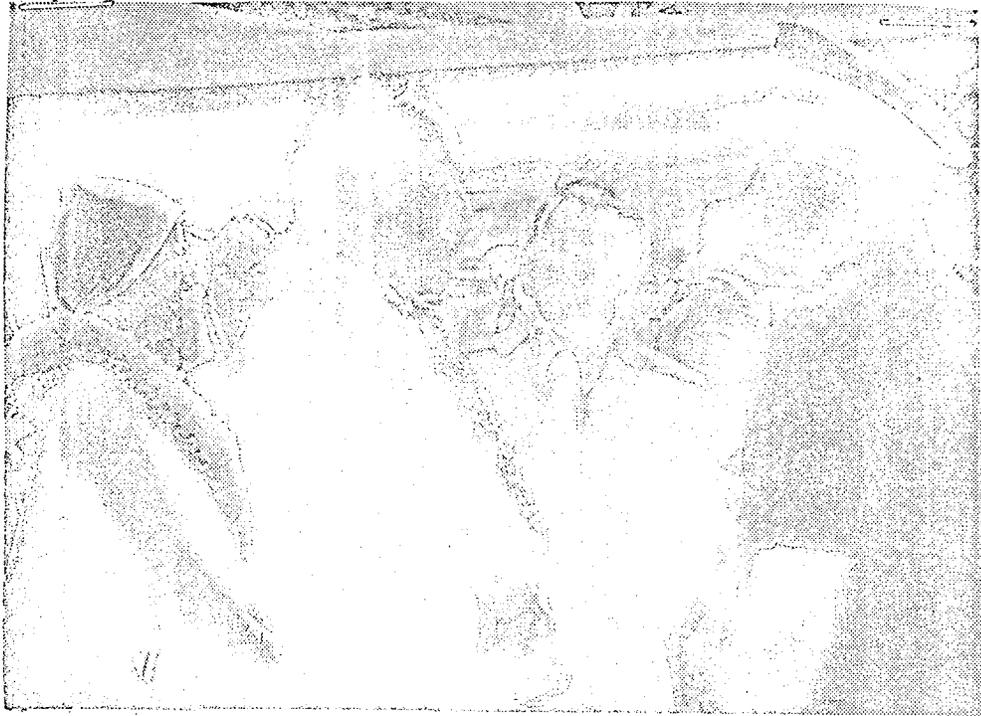
Submitting Office: HNL.

Being Investigated

SERIALIZED 9370 FILED 9370
 OCT 19 1973
 FBI - HONOLULU

W. [Signature]

b3
 b7E



CANADA'S FIRST COUPLE—Prime Minister and Mrs. Elliott Trudeau are welcomed on their arrival in Honolulu by Mrs. Noel Gayler, House Speaker Tadao Beppu and Adm. Gayler.

DIRECTOR, FBI *FD-217 mat*

5/11/70

SAC, HONOLULU (C)

b3
b7E

VISIT OF PIERRE TRUDEAU,
PRIME MINISTER OF CANADA,
TO HONOLULU, HAWAII,
5/10-11/70

(OO: Honolulu)

Re Bureau airtel to Honolulu 4/29/70.

Sources of the Honolulu Office were alerted on 5/4/70 concerning Prime Minister Trudeau's visit to Honolulu, and no information was developed indicating any effort designed to cause physical harm or embarrassment to him.

On 5/11/70, Captain (NA), V-Task Force, Honolulu Police Department, advised that Prime Minister Trudeau arrived at Honolulu 5/10/70 and that he departed at 8:30 a.m. 5/11/70.

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In view of the above, Honolulu contemplates no further action and is placing this matter in a Closed status.

w
~~*cc: [unclear]*~~
P

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 06-14-2019 BY ADG

- 2 - Bureau (RAM)
- 1 - Honolulu

RJD:sbc
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F B I

Date: 3/19/69

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO: Director, FBI

FROM: SAC, Miami [redacted] (RUC) [redacted]

SUBJECT: VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF
PIERRE-ELLIOTT TRUDEAU, PRIME MINISTER
OF CANADA, MARCH 24 - 25, 1969
[redacted]

(OO: WFO)

Re Bureau airtel to WFO and other offices, 3/18/69.

The name "Cuban Power" was used during 1968 by two Cuban terrorist organizations engaged in bombing activities. They were the Insurrectional Movement of Revolutionary Recovery (MIRR), headed by [redacted] and the previously unnamed group headed by [redacted]

Both of above groups were rendered ineffective in 1968 by the arrests of their activists on Federal and local

- 4 - Bureau (RM)
(1 - Legat, Ottawa)
- 2 - WFO (RM)
- 1 - Baltimore (Info)(RM)
- 1 - Chicago (Info)(Rm)
- 1 - Los Angeles (Info)(RM)
- 1 - New York (Info)(RM)
- 1 - Newark (Info)(RM)
- 1 - San Juan (Info)(RM)
- 3 - Miami
(1 - [redacted] (Cuban Power)
(1 - [redacted] (MIRR)

JCB:rm
(15)

[redacted] stamp

[redacted] stamp

*re visit of 11/1/68
also on 11/1/68
+ of non-part.*

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L/3/22

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

[redacted]

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charges related to their bombing activities. Both [redacted]
[redacted] are currently under incarceration. The
[redacted] group has been completely destroyed, and the
remaining members of the [redacted] group are not known to be
engaged in any violent activities. Neither group is known
to have any violent membership in the Washington, D.C., area.

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3/20/69

AIRTEL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK [REDACTED] (P)

SUBJECT: VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF
PIERRE-ELLIOTT TRUDEAU, PRIME
MINISTER OF CANADA, MARCH 24-25, 1969
[REDACTED]

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ReBuairtel dated 3/18/69 captioned as above.

In accordance with instructions in re Bu airtel, sources familiar with any activity on the part of Cuban Power members were contacted on 3/19 and 3/20/69 and all advised that they had no information that any suspected Cuban Power members were presently in Washington, D.C. or en route thereto.

The same sources further advised that they had no information which would reflect the presence of any effort designed to cause physical harm or embarrassment to the Prime Minister of Canada during his contemplated visit. These sources have been alerted for any indication of activity against the Prime Minister and the Bureau and WFO will be expeditiously advised of any information obtained.

3-Bureau (RM)
1-Washington Field (RM)
1-New York

WLQ:kxb
(6)

WJ
3
WJ

SEARCHED	_____
SERIALIZED	_____
INDEXED	_____
FILED	_____

[REDACTED]

DIRECTOR, FBI

3/27/69

SAC, NEW YORK (RUC)

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VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF
PIERRE-ELLIOTT TRUDEAU, PRIME MINISTER
OF CANADA, MARCH 24-25, 1969

(OO: WFO)

ReNYtel 3/20/69, captioned as above.

Inasmuch as the Prime Minister has returned to Canada,
and his visit in the United States was without any incidents of
an injurious nature, this matter is being placed in a closed
status by the NYO.

- 2 - BUREAU RM
- 2 - WASHINGTON FIELD
- 1 - NEW YORK

WLQ:END
(5)

*file stamped
4-8-69*

SEARCHED _____
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CONSOLIDATED
BY 73 ON 12/8/75

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
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FOI/PA# 1415662-1

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DIRECTOR, FBI

11/13/69

SAC, NEW YORK (RUC)

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VISIT OF PRIME MINISTER
PIERRE TRUDEAU OF CANADA
TO THE US. 11/7-11/69

ReBuairtel to NY, 11/4/69.

In accordance with Bureau instructions, the visit of the captioned individual was handled in accordance with provisions of Section 105J, Manual of Instructions. The NYO, during the course of the captioned individual's visit, developed no pertinent information.

2-Bureau (RM)
1-New York

TJD:kxb

Q (3)

hwy

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED
 INDEXED
 FILED

FILE STRIPPED BY *t. g. h. e.*

b3
b7E

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC

DATE: 9/17/70

FROM : SUPV. [redacted] (#311)

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b7E

SUBJECT: VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF
PRIME MINISTER PIERRE-ELLIOT TRUDEAU OF CANADA

[redacted]

Captioned individual is scheduled to attend the 25th General Assembly, UN, and Commemorative Session, UN, during September - October, 1970.

It is recommended that instant case be opened in order to coordinate and disseminate any pertinent information developed as a result of this visit. This should be handled in accordance with Section 105J, Manual of Instructions.

105-103941
9/18/70
311

[redacted]

1 - New York

WWH:eac
(1)

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SERIALIZED <i>WJ</i>	FILED	b6
SEP 17 1970		b7C
FBI - NEW YORK		b7E

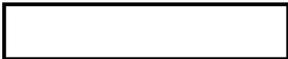
[redacted]

ASSIGN





b6
b7C

TRUDEAU, PIERRE 11/69 
(PRIME MINISTER)

VISIT OF PRIME MINISTER PIERRE TRUDEAU
OF CANADA TO THE U. S. 11/7-11/69 *3*

b3
b7E

TRUDEAU, PIERRE 11/68 

RE: VISIT OF CANADIAN PRIME MINISTER ABOVE
NYC 11/1/68 *NY 1*

DIRECTOR, FBI

11/18/70

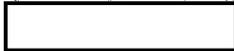
SAC, NEW YORK



(C)

b3
b7E

VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF PRIME MINISTER
PIERRE - ELLIOT TRUDEAU OF CANADA



Captioned individuals was scheduled to attend the 25th
General Assembly and Commemorative Session, UN, during September -
October, 1970.

This matter was handled in accordance with Section 105J,
Manual of Instructions, and no pertinent information was received
from alerted established sources.

No further action contemplated.

CONSOLIDATED
BY *[Signature]* ON 4/1/75

[Handwritten initials]

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- ① - New York

BKK:cas
(3) *[Handwritten]* #311

[Large handwritten scribble]
Chief Clerk
Close Case on this

SEARCHED _____
SERIALIZED _____
INDEXED _____
FILED _____



[Handwritten initials] b3
b7E

FBI

Transmit in _____ Via Airtel _____
(Type in plaintext or code) (Priority)

Date 12/3/71

To: SAC, WFO

✓ From: Director, FBI

VISIT OF PIERRE E. TRUDEAU
PRIME MINISTER OF CANADA TO THE
UNITED STATES

President Nixon and Prime Minister Trudeau
are scheduled to meet at The White House on 12/6/71.

Any pertinent information concerning planned
demonstrations or other activities which might affect
the physical security of Prime Minister Trudeau should
be promptly furnished to the Bureau, United States Secret
Service, and the Metropolitan Police Department.

(This line for LEFT MARGIN.)

cc Bureau

O/A
12/6/71
[Signature]

S-9

[Signature] *K.*

(Do not type below this line.)

SEARCHED <i>[initials]</i>	INDEXED <i>[initials]</i>
SERIALIZED <i>[initials]</i>	FILED <i>[initials]</i>
DEC 6 1971	
FBI - WASH. FIELD OFFICE	

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b7E

b3
b6
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DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted]

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SAC, WFO [redacted] (RUC)

VISIT OF PIERRE TRUDEAU
PRIME MINISTER OF CANADA
TO THE UNITED STATES
(OO:BUREAU)

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On 1/13/72, [redacted] USDS Security Office
advised that captioned visit had occurred without incident.
No additional investigation warranted at WFO.

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Canada on New Tack in Asia

By DAVID VAN PRAAGH
Special to The Star

VIENTIANE—Canadian disengagement from the International Control Commissions in Laos and Cambodia has spurred a guessing game about the intentions of Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau's government toward this part of the world.

Taken together with the expected establishment of diplomatic relations between Ottawa and Peking, Canada's withdrawal appears to some observers to reflect a loss of interest in non-Communist Asia.

In fact, a prospective Canadian Embassy in Communist China represents only one side—although the most dramatic one—of a new look toward Asia.

In words strikingly similar to those of President Nixon in proposing "a Pacific community," Trudeau said in announcing last year a major foreign-policy reassessment: "Because of past preoccupations with Atlantic and European affairs, we have tended to overlook the reality that Canada is a Pacific country, too."

Ties With Japan Grow

This reality has been strengthened by increasing Canadian commercial and diplomatic ties with Japan, and rising trade and aid in the Far East in addition to major Colombo Plan assistance to India, Pakistan, Ceylon and Malaysia.

Expanding Canada-Japan trade amounts to nearly \$1 billion a year, nearly 2-to-1 in Canada's favor. Cabinet teams from the two countries meet regularly, as do those from the United States and Japan.

Canada continues to sell wheat to China but also is starting to tackle a huge forest-industries potential in Malaysia, and—through International Nickel Co., a Canada-based firm—vast nickel deposits on the Indonesia island of Celebes.

While not formally associat-



PIERRE TRUDEAU

ed with diminishing joint Commonwealth defense of Malaysia and Singapore, Canada has provided most of the planes—jet trainers and Caribou transports—and the chief adviser of the Royal Malaysian Air Force.

But Ottawa, which is reducing its military commitment to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization under Trudeau, is uninterested in joining an Asian military alliance. Its membership in the International Control Commissions in Indo-China since 1954 has obviated a U.S. approach to send troops to Vietnam, as Canada did during the Korean War.

Frustration Increases

Successive Canadian governments have tried to make the ICC's work to prevent foreign military intervention and damp down war, or at least expose the reasons for military escalation of various kinds in South Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia.

But Canadian frustration and bitterness have grown with India, the chairman, and Communist Poland.

Cambodia's mercurial chief of state, Norodom Sihanouk,

denounced Canada in May as an "ally" of "American-Saigon forces" violating his borders. This was a forerunner of his announced plan to oust the ICC altogether from Cambodia by the end of this year.

Premier Souvanna Phouma of Laos has stressed the importance of a Canadian "physical and moral presence" in his country to help block North Vietnamese domination. But Ottawa, although acceding to Souvanna to the extent of keeping a military officer and an enlisted man in Vientiane, has decided to eliminate its missions both here and in Phnom Penh by early next year.

Canada's Real Reasons

Ostensibly, the reason is an economy drive by the Trudeau government. But another reason, although officially unacknowledged, may be summed up as follows as it relates to Laos.

The normal Canadian presence, although drastically cut a year ago like the Canadian delegation to the ICC in Saigon, is contributing to a deception.

This is the idea that the commission is performing its allotted function under the 1962 Geneva Accords guaranteeing the neutrality and territorial integrity of this Southeast Asian country. The ICC is not doing anything.

It also may make it easier for Canada to decline an invitation to join a possible new truce-supervisory organization for Vietnam or all Indo-China — unless such a setup has much sharper teeth than the old ICC's.

As it is, Canada is the only commission member here for investigating charges by either side in the war in Laos — but its partners have made this virtually impossible for the past three years.

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"The DALLAS MORNING NEWS"

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Foreign leaders express dismay

Associated Press

Foreign leaders, stunned by the latest assassination attempt against a U.S. president, quickly sent telegrams Monday to President Reagan, expressing their dismay and wishing him a swift recovery.

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, first European leader to meet with Reagan after his January inauguration, sent a message saying he was "praying" he was not seriously wounded.

Her deputy press secretary, Neville Giffin, reported Mrs. Thatcher, who visited Washington in late February, said in her message she was very distressed.

Queen Elizabeth II was at Windsor Castle and cabled Reagan, saying she was very shocked. "I hope that you and your staff make a speedy and suc-

cessful recovery from your injuries."

IN PARIS, President Valery Giscard d'Estaing was informed of the attack during a live television interview and immediately dispatched a telegram saying: "Learning of that of which you have just been a victim, I wish to express to you my very warmest and friendliest wishes for your complete recovery and the pursuit of your activity in the leadership of the United States."

Mrs. Giscard d'Estaing was asked after the broadcast if she was not constantly afraid her husband might be the target of an assassin, and she said, "When I am in France, never."

The Soviet news agency Tass filed a 2-paragraph article from its Washington bureau reporting the attempted assassination without comment.

Yugoslav television interrupted regular programs to report the attack and then showed film clips of the shootings. Several viewers later spoke of violence in the United States.

"AMERICA has been steadily sinking in violence. This only proves it," a civil engineer said.

In El Salvador, where bloody fighting is occurring between leftist guerrillas and the U.S.-backed civilian military junta, U.S. Embassy employees huddled around radios for the latest news from Washington.

Salvadoran Defense Minister Col. Jose Guillermo Garcia, commenting on the assassination attempt, said, "Incredible. That was my first reaction. For me, this is an act to regret and the chance to point out that

violence is not the way to resolve problems."

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin's spokesman in Tel Aviv said a telegram wished the president a speedy recovery.

A MESSAGE from Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau, delivered by courier from the Canadian Embassy in Washington to the White House, said:

"It was with a sense of deep distress and shock that I heard of the attack on you today. My thoughts and prayers are with you and Mrs. Reagan and with the three men who were also wounded in this insane assault."

"May God be with you and grant you all a speedy recovery."

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